Silicon Valley Chapter American Association of Individual Investors

Fred's Financial Planning Workshops
Taxes

www.siliconvalleyaaii.org/financialplanning/ Email: fred.svaaii@gmail.com

Disclaimer

- The AAII Silicon Valley Chapter and its directors offer their social media and website pages for educational purposes only.
- The opinions expressed here are not necessarily those of AAII or the AAII Silicon Valley Chapter, whose only intent is to provide a background for understanding investment, personal finance and wealth management theory and practice.
- Nothing on these sites should be considered solicitations or offers to buy or sell any financial instrument or specific trading advice for individuals.

Silicon Valley Chapter American Association of Individual Investors

Please check us out!

- Chapter website: www.siliconvalleyaaii.org
- Meetups: www.meetup.com/AAII-Silicon-Valley-Meetup
- Facebook: www.facebook.com/sv.aa
- YouTube Channel

www.youtube.comchannelUC4GepcU8lzx8rZMaWNBeJtA

- AAII National website: www.aaii.com
- My email address: fred.svaaii@gmail.com

Our Next Event and Special Interest Group Webcasts

- The U.S. Economy in 2021: Robert Valletta, SF Fed
 - Saturday January 9th at 9:00am; webcast only
- Financial Planning Discussion Group
 - Fred Smith: Second Wednesday of each month at 6:30pm
- Investing Discussion Group
 - Lynn Gillette: Fourth Monday of each month at 6:30pm except Dec.
- Computerized Investing Group
 - Bill Paseman, Don Mauer: First Thursday of each month at 6:30pm
- Fintech/Realtech Discussion Group
 - Roland Chow: To be determined.

Financial Planning Workshops

We cover a full range of topics in the cycle:

- Financial Planning ... The Big Picture
- Investing 1: Modern Portfolio Theory, Building a diversified portfolio
- Investing 2: Efficient Market Hypothesis; Can you beat the market?
- Taxes: TCJA, SECURE Act, Tax diversification, Asset location, QCDs
- Retirement Planning 1: Tax-advantaged plans, RMDs
- Retirement Planning 2: Safe withdrawal rates, Bengen's 4% rule
- Risk Management/Insurance: Annuities, Long-term care, Litigation
- Social Security and Medicare: Claiming strategies, Medicare traps
- Estate Planning: Probate, Executor/trustee duties, Philanthropy
 Wrap-up: Case study reviewing previous material

Overview for Today's Workshop

- What taxes do we pay?
- Recent Federal tax acts
 - Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, TCJA
 - Setting Every Community Up for Retirement Enhancement Act, SECURE
 - Families First Coronovirus Response Act, FFCRA
 - Coronavirus Aid, Recovery, and Economic Stability Act, CARES
- Tax Tips
 - Tax saving strategies

What Taxes Do We Pay?

- Federal taxes
 - Income
 - Interest
 - Short-term and long-term capital gains
 - Qualified and non-qualified dividends
 - Net investment income surcharge
 - Import/export taxes, Tariffs, Excise tax, etc.
- State and local income tax
- Sales tax
- Property tax

Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, TCJA

- Signed into law in December 2017
 - Most significant revision to tax code in four decades
 - Effective 2018 tax year
 - Most changes to the individual tax code sunset in December 2025
- Corporate taxes cut from 35% maximum in 2017 to 21% maximum in 2018
 - Possibly revert back to 28% maximum by Biden administration in 2021

TCJA: Income Tax Brackets and Rates

Rate	2020	2020	2021	2021
	Single	MFJ	Single	MFJ
10%	Up to \$9,875	Up to \$19,750	Up to \$9,950	Up to \$19,900
12%	\$9,876	\$19,751	\$9,951	\$19,901
	to \$40,125	to \$80,250	to \$40,525	to \$81,050
22%	\$40,126	\$80,251	\$40,526	\$81,051
	to \$85,525	to \$171,050	to \$86,375	to \$172,750
24%	\$85,526	\$171,051	\$86,376	\$172,751
	to \$163,300	to \$326,600	to \$164,925	to \$329,850
32%	\$163,301	\$326,601	\$164,926	\$329,851
	to \$207,350	to \$414,700	to \$209,425	to \$418,850
35%	\$207,351	\$414,701	\$209,426	\$418,851
	to \$518,400	to \$622,050	to \$523,600	to \$628,300
37%	\$518,401	\$622,051	\$523,601	\$628,301
	and above	and above	and above	and above

TCJA: Capital Gains and Dividend Taxes

	Taxable Income	Taxable Income	Taxable Income
Single	< \$40,000	\$40,000 - \$441,450	> \$441,450
Married filing jointly	< \$80,000	\$80,000 - \$496,600	> \$496,600
Short-term cap gains	Taxed as income	Taxed as income	Taxed as income
Long-term cap gains	0%	15%	20%
Qualified dividends	0%	15%	20%

TCJA: Standard Deduction and Personal Exemption

	Pre-TCJA	2020	2021
Standard deduction			
Single Married filing jointly	\$6,500 \$13,000	\$12,400 \$24,800	\$12,550 \$25,100
Additional > age 65 Single Married filing jointly	\$1,600 \$1,300	\$1,650 \$1,300	\$1,650 \$1,300
Personal exemption			
Single	\$4,150	Eliminated	Eliminated
Married filing jointly	\$8,300	Eliminated	Eliminated

11

TCJA: Itemized Deductions

- Medical deduction floor 10% AGI → 7.5% AGI
- New SALT deduction limit = \$10,000
 - State and local income tax
 - Property tax
- Mortgage interest on \$1M property → \$750,000
- Interest on home equity loans only deductible if used to build or improve your home
- Gifts to charity still deductible
- Eliminated deductions for ...
 - Tax preparation fees and other misc deductions
 - Theft and other casualty losses

Pease limitation on itemized deductions eliminated

TCJA: Estate Taxes

- Exclusion
 - \$11.580M per spouse in 2020, \$11.700M in 2021
 - Exclusion is portable for use by second spouse
- Tax rate
 - Maximum 40% rate for taxable amounts >\$1M
- Challenge
 - How do you do estate tax planning (inherently longrange) with a tax law that sunsets in 2025?
 - Hint: There's a lot more to estate planning than saving taxes

TCJA: Miscellaneous Issues

- Roth IRAs
 - Recharacterization of a Roth IRA conversion has been repealed by TCJA
- Alimony payments
 - No longer deductible by paying spouse, nor reportable as income by receiving spouse

 AMT exemption 		Pre-TCJA	<u>2021</u>
•	Single	\$54,300	\$73,600
•	Married filing jointly	\$84,500	\$114,000
•	Phaseout: Single	\$120,700	\$518,400
•	Phaseout: MFJ	\$160,900	\$1,036,800

Setting Every Community Up for Retirement Enhancement (SECURE) Act

- Signed into law in December 2019
 - effective on January 1, 2020
 - Largest retirement reform since 2006
- Required minimum distributions, RMDs
 - Begin at age 72 instead of 70.5
 - Applies to those who turn 70.5 in 2020 or later, i.e. born on or after July 1, 1949
- Traditional IRAs
 - No age limit for contributing to an IRA provided you have earned income

SECURE Act: Inherited Retirement Accounts

- Stretch IRA is gone, except for ...
 - Surviving spouse of original owner
 - Minor child < age of majority
 - Person >10 years younger than the decedent
 - Disabled individuals
 - Chronically ill individuals
- For all others the account must be completely distributed within 10 years of the original owner's death, but there are no annual RMD requirements

The Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA)

- Signed into law in March 18, 2020
 - Operational from April 1 thru December 31, 2020
- Mandates that employer must provide leave for a coronavirus illness or quarantine
- Provides payroll tax credits to reimburse employers for up to 2 weeks
 - Enables employers to keep workers on their payrolls
 - Workers do not have to choose between paychecks and public health
- Credits are also available for self-employed

Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

- Signed into law on March 27th, 2020
 - \$2.2T economic stimulus bill to fight the nationwide impact of the coronavirus pandemic
 - Largest economic stimulus package in U.S. history
 - 10% of total U.S. gross domestic product
- Unemployment benefits
 - Additional \$600 per week on top of state benefits
 - Benefits up to 39 weeks
 - Also available to gig workers

CARES Act: Personal and Business Help

- Stimulus checks
 - Grants up to \$1,200 per adult, \$500 per child
 - Available for workers with 2019 AGI < \$75,000
 - Phased out for AGI from \$75,001 \$99,000
- Charitable donations
 - Allows up to \$300 to be deducted above the line
 - Useful for those who take the standard deduction
- Paycheck Protection Program for small businesses
 - Lends up to 8 weeks expenses
 - Loan converts to a grant if used for payroll, rent, or utilities

CARES Act: Retirement Plans

- Enables COVID-19 affected people to withdraw up to \$100,000 from their IRA or 401(k) plan without a 10% early withdrawal penalty
 - Taxes must still be paid on the withdrawal, but can be stretched over a 3-year period, 2020 - 2022
 - Funds can be paid back into the account within 3 years
- Required minimum distributions
 - RMDs for IRAs and 401(k)s waived for 2020
 - Window to return RMD already taken expired 8/31/20
 - Also applies to inherited IRAs

Tax Tips: Start With The Basics

Traditional IRA

- Contribution limit of \$6,000 in 2020 and 2021 plus additional \$1,000 for age 50 and older
- Deduction phased out if covered by employer plan MAGI > \$65,000 for singles and \$104,000 for MFJ
- Growth is tax deferred
- Distributions are taxed at ordinary income level

Roth IRA

- Same combined contribution limit as traditional IRA
- Income limit \$124,000 \$139,000 for singles and \$196,000 - \$206,000 for MFJ in 2020
- No tax deduction for contribution
- Appreciation and distributions are tax-free

Tax Tips: Employer Retirement Plans

- 401(k) and 403(b) plans
 - Defer \$19,500 contribution in 2020 and 2021 plus additional \$6,500 for age 50 and older
 - Growth is tax deferred
 - Distribution is taxed at ordinary income level
- SIMPLE plan
 - Defer \$13,500 contribution in 2020 and 2021 plus additional \$3,000 for age 50 and older
 - Growth is tax deferred
 - Distribution is taxed at ordinary income level

Tax Tips: Health Savings Account, HSA

- Eligibility: Must have a high-deductible health insurance plan
 - Cannot be on Medicare
- Triple tax benefits
 - Contributions are tax-deductible
 - Investments grow tax-free
 - Qualified medical distributions are tax-free
 - Distributions for non-medical expenses are taxed as ordinary income
- Contribute up to \$3,550/person, \$7,100/family plus \$1,000 catch-up if age 55 or older (2020)
- Can make withdrawals in retirement after you no longer qualify for contributions

Tax Tips: Be Aware of Tax Efficiency

- Tax-inefficient assets, e.g. CDs, bonds, REITs, etc.
 - Spin off interest
 - Non-qualified dividends
 - Short-term capital gains
 - Taxed as ordinary income (37% maximum)
 - Most suitable for tax-advantaged accounts
- Tax-efficient assets, e.g. muni bonds, stocks, etc.
 - Spin off qualified dividends
 - Long-term capital gains
 - Taxed at preferential rate (20% maximum)
 - Suitable for taxable accounts

Tax Tips: Asset Location

Trad. IRA Taxable a/c Roth IRA Contributions **Deductible** Income Income Inc./Cap Gains No tax **Distributions** Income Inheritances ... Worst Good Best ... taxed as ... No tax Income Step-up Tax-inefficient assets ***** * **Tax-efficient assets** *** ***** *** High growth, REITS, etc. *****

Tax Tips: Tax Loss Harvesting

- Only useful with taxable accounts
- Sell an underperforming investment to reduce taxable capital gains, and potentially offset ordinary income up to \$3,000
- Excess loss can be carried forward to reduce gains in future years
- Can use the proceeds from sale to purchase a similar security
- Beware the wash-sale rule
 - Must not purchase a "substantially identical" security within 30 days before or after the sale

Tax Tips: Tax Bracket Management

- If you are in a low bracket this year consider filling up to the top of the range to avoid a higher tax rate in later years
 - Harvest capital gains on long-term equities
 - Roth conversion
- Beware bumping into higher Medicare bracket
 - Modified Adjusted Gross Income, MAGI
 MAGI = AGI + Tax-free income
 - Must pay Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA) if MAGI exceeds base
 - Base is <\$87,000 for singles, \$174,000 for MFJ
 (2020 data from 2018 tax return)

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, IRMAA (2020 data from 2018 tax returns)

MAGI: Single	MAGI: MFJ	Part B IRMAA	Part D IRMAA
\$87,000 to \$109,000	\$174,000 to \$218,000	\$57.80	\$12.20
\$109,001 to \$136,000	\$218,001 to \$272,000	\$144.60	\$31.50
\$136,001 to \$163,000	\$272,001 to \$326,000	\$231.40	\$50.70
\$163,001 to \$500,000	\$326,001 to \$\$750,000	\$318.10	\$70.00
>\$500,000	> \$750,000	\$347.00	\$76.40

Tax Tips: Qualified Charitable Distributions, QCDs

- Donation directly from IRA to charity
 - Skips Form 1040; Does not add to total income
 - Does not add to AGI; no Medicare increase
 - Counts against your RMD
 - Especially useful strategy for taxpayers who take standard deduction
- Limits
 - \$100,000 maximum contribution
 - Cannot go to a Donor Advised Fund, DAF

Tax Tips: Bunch Deductions

	Standard	Bunched
Year 1 SALT Charities Deduction	\$10,000 \$12,000 \$24,800	\$10,000 \$36,000 \$46,000
Year 2 SALT Charities Deduction	\$10,000 \$12,000 \$24,800	\$10,000 \$0 \$24,800
Year 3 SALT Charities Deduction	\$10,000 \$12,000 \$24,800	\$10,000 \$0 \$24,800
3-Year Total Deductions	\$74,400	\$95,600
		30

Tax Tips: Consider Lifetime Gifting

- Annual gift exclusion
 - \$15,000 per person, \$30,000 per couple
 - Unlimited recipients
- Excess donations reduce your lifetime estate tax exclusion
 - Must file disclosure on Form 709 along with 1040
- Can make direct payments to medical and educational providers on behalf of a loved one

To Probe Further

- Guide to Tax on Your Personal Investments, AAII Staff, AAII Journal, December 2020
- Tax Guide Update: Staying Current on the New Rules, Charles Rotblut, AAII Journal, December 2020
- Tap Into Tax-Related Information on Stocks and Funds, Charles Rotblut, AAII Journal, December 2020
- SECURE Act Takeaways, Schwab.com
- CARES Act Offers Economic Stimulus to Fight Impact of Coronovirus, Kenneth Terrell, AARP, April 2020
- What the Pandemic Means for the Future of Spending and Saving, Christine Benz, Morningstar.com, Q4 2020
- Smart Tax Moves to Make Before Year's End, Charles Rotblut, AAII Journal, December 2019
- How to Make Your Money Last, Jane Bryant Quinn, Simon & Schuster

Useful Websites

- aaii.com Broad selection of investing material
- siliconvalleyaaii.org Previous presentations on various topics
- irs.gov
- morningstar.com
- www.vanguard.com
- santaclaracountylib.org/Adults/Business & Money
 Morningstar Research Center, S&P's NetAdvantage, Value Line
- obliviousinvestor.com/index-funds/ Mike Piper blog
- rickferri.com/investment-philosophy/ Rick Ferri blog

